TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS

REPORT ON THE EXAMINATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

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Thomas J. Scanlon & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Board of Selectmen Shrewsbury, Massachusetts

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We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, (except for the Shrewsbury Contributory Retirement System, the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Electric and the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Cable, which are as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005), which collectively comprise the Town 's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Electric, which represents 52% of the assets and 69% of the revenues of the Proprietary Fund Types and the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Cable, which represents 21% of the assets and 24% of the revenues of the Proprietary Fund Types. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Electric and the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Cable, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, as of June 30, 2006, (except for the Shrewsbury Contributory Retirement System, the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) – Electric and

the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Cable, which are as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005), and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As more fully described in Note 5, the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) – Electric and the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - Cable presentations were changed from a June 30th fiscal year to a December 31st fiscal year.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2007, on our consideration of the Town of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The supplementary supporting statements listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Town of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's discussion and analysis, located on the following pages, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

THOMAS'J. ∜CANLON, Certified Public Accountant

South Deerfield, Massachusetts January 19, 2007 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Shrewsbury, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Financial Highlights

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- The Town's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$177,345,680 (net assets) for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities, as restated, by \$164,563,207.
- Total net assets are comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$133,773,592 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Net assets of \$12,480,750 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the Town such as grantors, laws or regulations.
 - (3) Unrestricted net assets of \$31,091,338 represent a portion available to maintain the Town's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$16,043,828 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$11,770,972 showing an increase of \$4,272,856 during the current year. Unreserved/undesignated fund balance of \$3,878,198 for fiscal year 2006 shows a \$1,751,104 increase from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved/undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,878,198, or 4.74% of total General Fund expenditures including transfers and 4.74% of total General Fund revenues including transfers.
- Total liabilities of the Town decreased by \$15,523,695 to \$99,692,269 during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve, as an introduction to the Town of Shrewsbury's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works (including water), education, health and human services, culture and recreation, employee benefits and insurance, state assessments and interest. The business-type activities include the sewer, electric light and community cablevision activities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The Town of Shrewsbury adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains the following type of proprietary fund.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, electric light and community cablevision activities.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Statement of Net Assets Highlights

		Gov	eri	nmental Activi	ties	;
		2006		2005		Change
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	34,256,432	\$	34,096,972	\$	159,460
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital assets)		45,863,257		48,042,145		(2,178,888)
Capital assets		120,255,191		122,966,369		(2,711,178)
Total assets		200,374,880		205,105,486		(4,730,606)
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities (excluding debt)		7,950,975		8,568,612		(617,637)
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)		769,754		846,080		(76,326)
Current debt		11,950,285		22,971,872		(11,021,587)
Noncurrent debt		63,378,567		67,855,971		(4,477,404)
Total liabilities		84,049,581		100,242,535		(16,192,954)
Net Assets:						
Capital assets net of related debt		94,514,229		84,777,383		9,736,846
Restricted		9,202,826		6,746,158		2,456,668
Unrestricted		12,608,244		13,339,410		(731,166)
Total net assets	_	116,325,299		104,862,951		11,462,348

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	Bus	ines	ss-Type Activ	ities	3
	2006		2005		Change
		(a	as restated)		
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 31,182,479	\$	29,207,219	\$	1,975,260
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital assets)	1,092,241		1,202,328		(110,087)
Capital assets	44,388,349		44,264,138		124,211
Total assets	76,663,069		74,673,685		1,989,384
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities (excluding debt)	10,505,576		9,636,681		868,895
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)	8,126		84,140		(76,014)
Current debt	551,980		551,722		258
Noncurrent debt	4,577,006		4,700,886		(123,880)
Total liabilities	15,642,688		14,973,429		669,259
Net Assets:					
Capital assets net of related debt	39,259,363		39,011,530		247,833
Restricted	3,277,924		-		3,277,924
Unrestricted	18,483,094		20,688,726		(2,205,632)
Total net assets	61,020,381		59,700,256		1,320,125

Statement of Activities Highlights

	Gov	vern	mental Activiti	es	
	2006		2005		Change
Program Revenues:	 				
Charges for services	10,217,705		8,265,931		1,951,774
Operating grants and contributions	26,887,369		24,035,722		2,851,647
Capital grants and contributions	11,859,278		2,558,026		9,301,252
General Revenues:					
Property taxes	42,725,807		41,673,574		1,052,233
Motor vehicle excise and other taxes	4,692,857		4,690,326		2,531
Hotel room occupancy taxes	49,047		47,409		1,638
Penalties and interest on taxes	221,300		222,533		(1,233)
Nonrestricted grants	3,079,966		4,459,826		(1,379,860)
Unrestricted investment income	1,061,113		955,538		105,575
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	 (545,846)		111,821		(657,667)
Total revenues	 100,248,596		87,020,706		13,227,890
Expenses:					
General government	5,581,123		5,317,810		263,313
Public safety	6,923,771		6,600,472		323,299
Public works (including water)	5,145,276		4,972,143		173,133
Education	49,002,778		45,901,106		3,101,672
Health and human services	2,408,330		2,336,019		72,311
Culture and recreation	2,034,400		2,145,994		(111,594)
Employee benefits and insurance	13,336,798		12,484,788		852,010
State assessments	738,685		597,728		140,957
Interest	3,641,930		3,883,329		(241,399)
Total expenses	88,813,091		84,239,389		4,573,702
Special Items - Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	104,622		-		104,622
Transfers	(77,779)		(149,329)		71,550
Change in net assets	11,462,348		2,631,988		8,830,360
Net assets - beginning of year	104,862,951		102,230,963		2,631,988
Net assets - end of year	\$ 116,325,299	\$	104,862,951	\$	11,462,348

		2006		ss-Type Activitie 2005	S	Change
			(8	s restated)		
Program Revenues:	_	00 005 470	•	07.004.000 ft		1 020 261
Charges for services	\$	38,295,170	\$	37,264,909 \$	•	1,030,261
Operating grants and contributions		545,463		28,797	_	516,666
Total revenues		38,840,633		37,293,706		1,546,927
Expenses:						
Sewer		2,889,300		2,416,142		473,158
Electric light		27,041,189		25,968,032		1,073,157
Community Cablevision		7,715,792		7,584,758		131,034
Total expenses		37,646,281		35,968,932		1,677,349
Transfers		125,773		149,329		(23,556)
Change in net assets		1,320,125		1,474,103		(153,978)
Net assets - beginning of year		59,700,256		58,226,153		1,474,103
Net assets - end of year	\$	61,020,381	\$	59,700,256	\$	1,320,125

Government-wide Financial Analysis

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As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$177,345,680 at the close of FY 2006.

Net assets of \$133,773,592 (75%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of its related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the net assets \$12,480,750 (7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* \$31,091,338 (18%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The governmental activities net assets increased by \$11,462,348 during the current fiscal year, which reflects the general fund's results of operation. This was mainly attributed to revenues exceeding expenditures by \$11,435,505, primarily from \$10,921,693 in receipts from the school building authority for its schools, transfers out to the business-type activities of \$77,779 and a gain on the sale of capital assets for \$104,622.

There was an increase of \$1,320,125 in net assets reported in connection with the sewer, electric light and community cablevision business-type activities. The sewer department increase of \$541,477 was attributable to operating costs exceeding operating revenues by \$157,680, non-operating revenues (expenses) of \$69,327 and a net general fund subsidy of \$629,830. The electric light department decrease at December 31, 2005 of \$391,703 was attributed to operating expenditures exceeding operating revenues by \$638,059, non-operating revenues (expenses) of \$368,351 less transfers to the general fund of \$121,995. The community cablevision increase at December 31, 2005 of \$1,170,351 was attributed to operating revenue exceeding operating expenses of \$1,709,643, non-operating revenues (expenses) of (\$157,230) less transfers to the general fund of \$382,062.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,043,828 an increase of \$11,770,972 in comparison with the prior year.

The increase was mainly due to revenues exceeding expenditures by \$11,463,556, net transfers to the business-type funds in the amount of \$77,779, sale of capital assets of \$290,622 and bond proceeds of \$94,573.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,043,828. Of this year-end total, \$3,878,198 is the undesignated general fund balance, indicating availability for continuing Town service requirements. Reserved and designated fund balances include \$4,163,128 committed to liquidate encumbrances and carried forward articles remaining from the prior year; \$3,276,974 reserved for the 2007 budget; \$8,015,808 in special revenue funds; (\$4,926,962) in capital project funds; and \$1,636,682 in permanent funds.

The deficit of \$(4,926,962) in the capital projects fund includes the Allen Farm property acquisition fund that ended the fiscal year 2006 with a negative fund balance of \$6,029,167 due to the fact that interim financing is being accomplished with bond anticipation notes. A total of \$6,100,000 in bond anticipation notes were outstanding on this project. Permanent financing will be done once the project nears completion. At that time the deficit will be eliminated.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day operations. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved/undesignated fund balance of the general fund was \$3,878,198, while total fund balance reached

\$9,648,326. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and revenues and transfers. Unreserved/undesignated fund balance represents 4.74% of total general fund expenditures including transfers and total fund balance represents 11.78% of that same amount. Unreserved/undesignated fund balance represents 4.74% of total general fund revenues including transfers and total fund balance represents 11.79% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$50,423. Of this amount \$367,951 was attributed to the expenditures over revenues, \$170,000 of transfers from the stabilization fund, \$77,779 of net transfers to the business-type funds and \$225,307 of net transfers from other non-major governmental funds.

The Stabilization Fund has accumulated a fund balance of \$177,383, or .22% of total general fund expenditures including transfers and .22% of total general fund revenues including transfers. These funds can be used for general or capital purposes upon Town meeting approval.

The fund balance of the stabilization fund decreased by \$164,044. Of this amount \$8,533 was attributed to interest income, \$(2,577) net decrease in fair value of investments and transfers out to the general fund for \$170,000. Please refer to Note 3G for additional information.

The Senior High School Construction Fund has a fund balance of \$72,393, or .09% of total general fund expenditures including transfers and .09% of total general fund revenues including transfers. The fund is used to account for the financial resources to construct a new high school.

The fund balance of the fund decreased by \$184,463. Of this amount \$184,463 was attributed to expenditures.

The Middle School Renovation Fund has a fund balance of \$268,278, or .33% of total General Fund expenditures including transfers and .33% of total General Fund revenues including transfers. The fund is used to account for financial resources to renovate an old high school for use as a middle school.

The fund balance of the fund increased by \$10,218,936. Of this amount \$10,921,693 was attributed to revenues received from the school building authority representing school building assistance and expenditures of \$702,757.

The Allen Farm Property Acquisition fund has a negative fund balance of \$(6,029,167). The fund is used to account for financial resources to acquire the land and buildings situated in the Town. The fund ended fiscal year 2006 with a negative fund balance of \$6,029,167 due to the fact that interim financing is being accomplished with bond anticipation notes. A total of \$6,100,000 in bond anticipation notes were outstanding. Permanent financing will be done once the project nears completion.

The fund balance of the fund decreased by \$4,448. Of this amount \$4,448 was attributed to expenditures.

Proprietary funds. The proprietary funds statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status.

Major Proprietary Funds

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The Sewer Fund is the financing and operations of the Town's sewer system. The fund shows an increase of \$541,477, attributable to operational costs exceeding revenue by \$157,680, intergovernmental revenues (Massachusetts water pollution abatement trust subsidies) of \$82,331, interest expense of \$13,004 and a net general fund subsidy of \$629,830.

The *Electric Light Fund* is used to account for activities of the government's electric distribution operations. The fund at December 31, 2005 shows a decrease of \$391,703, attributed to operating expenditures exceeding operating revenues of \$638,059, investment income of \$32,737, interest expense of \$81,065, other income of \$1,382, Nep/US generation disputed billings receipts of \$429,013, other expenses of 13,716 and transfers to the general fund of \$121,995.

The Community Cablevision Fund provides transmission of cable television signals, and the installations necessary for the customers to receive them. The fund at December 31, 2005 shows an increase of \$1,170,351, attributed to operating revenue exceeding operating expenses of \$1,709,643, interest expense of \$152,001, other expenses of \$5,229 less transfers to the general of \$382,062.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final general fund budget for fiscal year 2006 was \$82,248,579. This was an increase of \$2,128,605 over the previous year's budget.

There was a negative variance in state receipts of \$87,202 attributed to state receipts being less than was estimated on the cherry sheet.

There was an increase of \$574,830 between the original budget and the final amended budget. The increase is attributed from the Town amending specific expenditure line items of the final budget, primarily to the highway and building account for \$203,000, to water conservation programs for \$30,000, to water capital expenditure accounts for \$350,000 and transfers to the sewer fund for the new salary schedule of \$8,170. Of the \$6,363,820 under budget expenditures \$4,163,128 has been carried over to fiscal year 2007.

There was a negative variance in state receipts of \$87,202 attributed to state receipts being less than was estimated on the cherry sheet.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006, (December 31, 2005 for the electric light fund and the community cablevision fund) amounts to \$120,255,191 and \$44,388,349, respectively.

The investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and renovations, machinery, equipment and other and infrastructure.

Major capital acquisitions during the current fiscal year in the governmental type funds included the following:

- Calvin Coolidge School roof for \$117,227.
- New fire station land purchase for \$170,000.
- The acquisition of tax foreclosure property for \$14,835.
- Four Ford Crown Victoria police vehicles for \$106,410.
- A 2005 Chevy Silverado for the water department for \$31,024.
- Water line for Route 9 for \$186,400.
- Senior high school finish up work for \$184,460.
- The Middle School West project construction project for \$702,755.
- Oaks construction for \$458,800.
- Boston Turnpike Oak Street water project for \$18,929.
- Float replacements for \$133,799.
- A boat and trailer for \$47,927.

Major capital acquisitions during the current fiscal year in the business-type funds included the following:

A Chevy Silvarado for the sewer enterprise fund for \$31,024.

Debt Administration. The Town's outstanding governmental debt, as of June 30, 2006, totaled \$67,950,545. The primary debt is education debt of \$63,943,700, senior center building debt of \$300,000, conservation land acquisition debt of \$3,455,000 and septic Title V debt of \$251,845. Debt also includes bond anticipation notes of \$7,378,307 consisting of education debt of \$1,278,307 and conservation debt of \$6,100,000.

The business-type funds have \$5,128,986 consisting of sewer activity debt of \$259,586, electric light activity debt of \$1,699,400 (at December 31, 2005) and cablevision activity debt of \$3,170,000 (at December 31, 2005).

Please refer to notes 3C, 3E and 3F for further discussion of the capital and debt activity.

Requests for Information

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This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Shrewsbury's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town Accountant, Town Hall, 100 Maple Avenue, Shrewsbury, Massachusetts.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

		, F	rimar	y Government		
		vernmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities		Total
ASSETS	<u>·</u>	101111100				
CURRENT:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	1,691,058 27,719,467	\$	7,331,596 \$ 7,906,023		9,022,654 35,625,490
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		400,000				492 000
Property Taxes		482,909 45,500		-		482,909 45,500
Deferred Property Taxes Taxes in Litigation		13,137				13,137
Tax Liens		86,981		-		86,981
Excise Taxes		269,284		-		269,284
User Charges		220,699		2,883,536		3,104,235
Other				60,216		60,216
Special Assessments		109,336		113,939		223,275
Due from Other Governments		3,618,061		<u>-</u>		3,618,061
Materials and Supplies		-		607,146		607,146
Prepaid Expenses		-		1,855,345		1,855,345
Other		-		7,542		7,542
Restricted Cash and Investments:				3,277,924		3,277,924
Depreciation Fund Stranded Investment Fund		-		7,081,536		7,081,536
Investment in Other Companies		_		57,676		57,676
Total current assets		34,256,432		31,182,479		65,438,911
		34,230,432		31,102,473		00,100,011
NONCURRENT:						
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		004.750		1 000 041		1 354 000
Special Assessments		261,759		1,092,241		1,354,000 45,601,498
Due from Other Governments Capital Assets, net of accumulated Depreciation:		45,601,498		•		45,001,490
Nondepreciable		14,594,989		218,739		14,813,728
Depreciable		105,660,202		44,169,610		149,829,812
Total noncurrent assets		166,118,448		45,480,590		211,599,038
Total Assets		200,374,880		76,663,069		277,037,949
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT:						
Warrants Payable		2,496,271		3,247,217		5,743,488
Accrued Payroll		2,775,659		7,871		2,783,530
Employee Withholdings		419,306		-		419,306
Tax Refund Payable		244,925		-		244,925
Taxes Collected in Advance		51,231		-		. 51,231
Accrued Interest		1,274,664		48,130		1,322,794
Other		271,988		6,157		278,145
Accumulated Provision for Rate Refund		440 004		7,081,536		7,081,536
Compensated Absences		416,931		114,665		531,596 7,378,307
Bond Anticipation Notes Bonds Payable		7,378,307 4,571,978		551,980		5,123,958
Total current liabilities		19,901,260		11,057,556		30,958,816
		19,901,200		11,007,000		30,930,010
NONCURRENT:		760 754		9 126		777 000
Compensated Absences Bonds Payable		769,754 63,378,567		8,126 4,577,006		777,880 67,955,573
Total noncurrent liabilities						
•		64,148,321		4,585,132		68,733,453
Total Liabilities	-	84,049,581		15,642,688		99,692,269
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt		94,514,229		39,259,363		133,773,592
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects		994,627		-		994,627
Federal & State Grants		1,748,713		-		1,748,713
Permanent Funds		1,666,682		-		1,666,682
Other Purposes		4,792,804		2 27 22 4		4,792,804
Depreciation Unrestricted		10 000 044		3,277,924		3,277,924
		12,608,244		18,483,094		31,091,338
Total Net Assets	\$	116,325,299	\$	61,020,381	,	177,345,680

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

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		1	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Re	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works (including Water) Education Health and Human Services Culture and Recreation Employee Benefits and Insurance State Assessments Interest Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,581,123 6,923,771 5,145,276 49,002,778 2,408,330 2,034,400 13,336,798 738,685 3,641,930 88,813,091	\$ 452,926 1,671,339 3,007,849 3,828,543 879,035 378,013	\$ 374,453 511,905 150,065 18,333,597 375,214 321,154 4,974,102 1,846,879 26,887,369	\$ 937,585 10,921,693	\$ (4,753,744) \$ (4,740,527) (1,049,777) (15,918,945) (1,154,081) (1,154,081) (1,154,081) (1,735,233) (8,362,696) (738,685) (1,795,051) (1,795,051)	σ	(4,753,744) (4,740,527) (1,049,777) (15,918,945) (1,154,081) (1,154,081) (1,335,233) (8,362,696) (738,685) (1,795,051)
Business-Type Activities: Sewer Electric Light Community Cablevision	2,889,300 27,041,189 7,715,792	2,718,616 26,308,349 9,268,205	82,331 463,132			(88,353) (269,708) 1,552,413	(88,353) (269,708) 1,552,413
Total Primary Government	\$ 126,459,372	\$ 48,512,875	\$ 27,432,832	\$ 11,859,278	(39,848,739)	1,194,352	(38,654,387)
	General Revenues: Property Taxes Motor vehicle and other excise the Hotel Room Occupancy Taxes Penalties & Interest on Taxes Grants & Contributions not restricted Investment Income Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Special Items: Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Transfers, net Total General Revenues, Special Total General Revenues, Special Net Assets: Change in N Reginning	other excise t ancy Taxes t on Taxes ons not restr ment Income ease) in Fair pital Assets nues, Speci Change in N Net Assets: Beginning	axes icted to specific programs Value of Investments al Items and Transfers let Assets of year (as restated)		42,725,807 4,692,857 49,047 221,300 3,079,966 1,061,113 (545,846) 104,622 (77,779) 51,311,087 11,462,348	125,773 125,773 1,320,125 59,700,256	42,725,807 4,692,857 49,047 221,300 3,079,966 1,061,113 (545,846) 104,622 47,994 51,436,860 12,782,473
		End of year			\$ 116,325,299	\$ 61,020,381 \$	177,345,680

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

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					Senior High School	Middle School	Joor	Allen Farm Property	Nonmajor		Total	
		General Fund	Stabilization Fund		Construction Fund	Renovation Fund	on	Acquisition Fund	Governmental Funds	i	Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	↔	556,429 15,142,581	\$ 177	- \$	72,393	\$ 1,546,585	\$ - \$	70,833	\$ 1,063,796 10,780,525	& \$	1,691,058 27,719,467	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Property Taxes		482,909			ı		,	•		1	482,909	
Deferred Property Taxes		45,500			1 1						13,137	
l axes in Litigation Tay Liens		86,981			1		,	1			86,981	
Excise Taxes		269,284			1			1 1			220,699	
User Charges		220,699		, ,	. 1			1	133,174	4	371,095	
Special Assessinatins Due from Other Governments		47,789,460		'	ř	7 110	- 202	70 833	1,430,099	90 4	80,119,689	
Total Assets	₩.	64,844,901	\$ 177	383	\$ 72,393	040,1	200					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:												
Liabilities:	(v	1	,	\$ 12,151	51 \$	2,496,271	
Warrants Payable	₩	2,484,120 2,589,450	Ð		. ·	9	,	'	-		2,775,659	
Employee Withholdings		419,306		,	•		ı	•			419,300 244 925	
Tax Refund Payable		244,925		ı	•			•		ı	51,231	
Taxes Collected in Advance		51,231 209,864		•	,		•	ı		1	209,864	
Deferred Revenue:		1									262 709	
Property Taxes		262,709		•	•			•	1 302 619	. 6	49.965,601	
Other		48,662,982		1	• •		, ,	'	0,100,1	2 '	271,988	
Other Boad Anticipation Notes Pavable		- 1,968			•	1,278,307	,307	6,100,000			7,378,307	
Total Liabilities		55,196,575				1,278,307	307	6,100,000	1,500,979	62	64,075,861	
Fund Balance:												
Reserved For: Encumbrances and continuing appropriations		4,163,128		٠	•		•	•		,	4,163,128	
Unreserved: Designated for subsequent year's expenditures		1,607,000			,		•	1	1,669,974	74	3,276,974	
Undesignated, reported in:		3 878 108		١	'		٠	•		ı	3,878,198	
General Fund		00'0'0	17	177,383	1		1	'	7,	25	8,015,808	
Capital Projects		1			72,393	268	268,278	(6,029,167) -	761,534 1,636,682	34 82	(4,926,962) 1,636,682	
Fermanent Funds		9 648 326	17	177.383	72,393	268	268,278	(6,029,167)	11,906,615	15	16,043,828	
Total Full Datalice	4	64 844 901	71	177 383	\$ 72.393	\$ 1,546	1,546,585	\$ 70,833	\$ 13,407	,594 \$	80,119,689	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	7	04,440,40		222								

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

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TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

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	General Fund	Stabilization Fund	Senior High School Construction Fund	Middle School Renovation Fund	Allen Farm Property Acquisition Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
axes Fees	\$ 43,166,592 20,956,518 4,765,450 5,756,583 221,300	υ υ υ υ υ υ	 С	69		 €9	\$ 43,166,592 20,956,518 4,765,450 5,756,583 221,300
Investment Income: Interest Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Intergovernmental Grants and Fees Total Revenues	1,052,580 (543,270) 4,981,660 - 80,357,413	8,533 (2,577) - - 5,956	1 1 1	- 10,921,693 10,921,693	1 1 1 1	227,912 (34,869) 10,908,228 11,101,271	1,289,025 (580,716) 4,981,660 21,829,921 102,386,333
Expenditures: Current:							
General Government Public Safety Public Marter	5,728,399 6,466,739 4 574 148	1 1 1			4,448	75,934 415,453 497,908	5,808,781 6,882,192 5,072,056
Education Health and Human Services	37,998,206 2,067,256	1 1	184,463	702,757	1 1	7,500,300	46,385,726 2,322,007
Culture and Recreation Employee Benefits and Insurance State Assessments	1,503,383 13,313,176 738,685			1 1 1		537,777 23,622 -	2,041,160 13,336,798 738,685
Debt Service: Principal	4,577,299 3,758,073	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	4,577,299 3,758,073
Total Expenditures	80,725,364	1	184,463	702,757	4,448	9,305,745	90,922,777
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(367,951)	5,956	(184,463)	10,218,936	(4,448)	1,795,526	11,463,556
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out Sale of Capital Assets	1,489,949 (1,172,421) -	(170,000)				540,092 (765,399) 290,622 94,573	2,030,041 (2,107,820) 290,622 94,573
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	317,528	(170,000)	1	1		159,888	307,416
Net Change in Fund Balances	(50,423)	(164,044)	(184,463)	10,218,936	(4,448)	1,955,414	11,770,972
F⊔nd Balances, Beginning of Year	9,698,749	341,427	256,856	(9,950,658)	(6,024,719)	9,951,201	4,272,856

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

Fund Balances, End of Year

Page 17

16,043,828

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11,906,615

(6,029,167) \$

268,278 \$

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72,393

177,383 \$

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9,648,326

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Total Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	16,043,828
Capital Assets (net) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds			120,255,191
Revenues are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting instead of a modified accrual basis			50,228,310
Long Term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds: Bonds Payable Compensated Absences	(0.100.	0,545) 6,685)	(69,137,230)
In statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due			(1,064,800)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	116,325,299

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	11,770,972
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital Outlay Purchases Sale of Capital Asset Depreciation	\$ 2,172,566 (186,000) (4,697,744)		(2,711,178)
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred revenue			(2,137,737)
The Issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets: Repayment of Debt Principal Proceeds from Bonds	\$ 4,577,299 (94,573)	_	4,482,726
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Net Change in Compensated Absences Net Change in Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ (58,578) 116,143		57,565
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	11,462,348

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

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TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS - (NON-GAAP) BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Am	nounts	Actual		Amounts	Var	iance with
	Original Budget		Final Budget	Budgetary Basis		Carried Forward Next Year	ı	al Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:	40.007.505	•	40.007.505	.0.070.004	•		•	400.000
Property Taxes	\$ 42,837,585	\$	42,837,585	\$ 43,273,891	\$	-	\$	436,306
State Receipts Excise and Other Taxes	21,043,720 4,670,000		21,043,720 4,670,000	20,956,518 4,765,450		-		(87,202) 95,450
Licenses, Permits, Fees	4,451,000		4,451,000	5,756,583		-		1,305,583
Interest on Taxes	220,000		220,000	221,300		_		1,300
Interest on Investments	932,000		932,000	1,052,580		_		120,580
Total Revenues	 74,154,305		74,154,305	76,026,322		-		1,872,017
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government	7,282,558		7,058,183	5,728,399		787,794		541,990
Public Safety	6,513,701		6,683,697	6,466,739		89,942		127,016
Public Works (including Water)	7,357,607		7,900,416	4,574,148		3,036,203		290,065
Education Health and Human Services	38,043,755		38,043,755	37,998,206		45,506		43
Culture and Recreation	2,264,874 1,622,823		2,286,675 1,674,146	2,067,256 1,503,383		114,037 89,646		105,382 81,117
Employee Benefits and Insurance	9,278,975		9,292,251	8,339,073		09,040		953,178
State Assessments	840,584		840,584	738,685		_		101,899
Debt Service:	5 /0,00 /		0.0,00.	. 55,555				, , , , , , ,
Principal	4,577,299		4,577,299	4,577,299		-		-
Interest	3,891,573		3,891,573	3,891,571		-		2
Total Expenditures	 81,673,749		82,248,579	 75,884,759		4,163,128		2,200,692
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	 (7,519,444)		(8,094,274)	 141,563		(4,163,128)		4,072,709
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(52,211)		319,619	317,528		-		(2,091)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (52,211)		319,619	317,528		_		(2,091)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and								
Other Financing Uses	(7,571,655)		(7,774,655)	459,091		(4,163,128)		4,070,618
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 9,988,764		9,988,764	9,988,764		-		
Budgetary Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 2,417,109	\$	2,214,109	\$ 10,447,855	\$	(4,163,128)	\$	4,070,618

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

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TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures from Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Revenues	E	xpenditures
Reported on a Budgetary Basis	\$ 76,026,322	\$	75,884,759
Net Decrease in Revenue from recording			
Refund Taxes Payable	(139,814)		
Net Decrease in Expenditures - Accrued Expenses			(141,055)
Recognition of intergovernmental Revenue -			
"on behalf payments"	4,981,660		
Recognition of Expenditures -			
"on behalf payments"			4,981,660
Net Decrease in Fair Value of Investments	(543,270)		
Net Increase in Revenue from Recording			
60-Day Receipts	 32,515		
Reported on a GAAP Basis	\$ 80,357,413	\$	80,725,364

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

		zinter price ; antae		
	Sewer Fund	Electric Light Fund (as of December 31, 2005)	Community Cablevision Fund (as of December 31, 2005)	Total
ASSETS				
CURRENT:				
	\$ 2,396,791	\$ 3,328,340	\$ 1,606,465 \$	7,331,596
Investments	7,906,023		-	7,906,023
User Charges, net of allowance for uncollectibles	129,857	1,901,957	851,722	2,883,536
Other Receivables		60,216	•	60,216
Special Assessments	113,939	204.074	400.070	113,939
Materials and Supplies	-	204,874	402,272	607,146
Prepaid Expenses	-	1,790,639	64,706	1,855,345
Other	-	7,542	-	7,542
Restricted Cash and Investments:		2 277 024		3,277,924
Depreciation Fund	-	3,277,924 7,081,536	-	7,081,536
Stranded Investment Fund Investment in Other Companies	-	57,676	_	57,676
· -	40.540.040		2.025.465	31,182,479
Total current assets	10,546,610	17,710,704	2,925,165	31,102,479
NONCURRENT:				4 000 044
Special Assessments	1,092,241	-	•	1,092,241
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		404.040	22.000	040.700
Nondepreciable	0.407.470	184,810	33,929	218,739
Depreciable	8,407,472	22,346,942	13,415,196	44,169,610
Total noncurrent assets	9,499,713	22,531,752	13,449,125	45,480,590
Total Assets	20,046,323	40,242,456	16,374,290	76,663,069
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT:				
Accounts Payable	16,634	2,644,684	585,899	3,247,217
Accrued Payroll	7,871	-	-	7,871
Accrued Interest	5,453	29,390	13,287	48,130
Other	-	6,157	-	6,157
Accumulated Provision for Rate Refund	_	7,081,536		7,081,536
Compensated Absences	2,709		48,240	114,665
Bonds Payable	13,880		355,000	551,980
Total current liabilities	46,547	10,008,583	1,002,426	11,057,556
NONCURRENT:				
Compensated Absences	8,126	-	-	8,126
Bonds Payable	245,706	1,516,300	2,815,000	4,577,006
Total noncurrent liabilities	253,832	1,516,300	2,815,000	4,585,132
Total Liabilities	300,379		3,817,426	15,642,688
NET ASSETS:				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	8,147,886	20 832 353	10 270 125	30 350 363
Restricted for Depreciation	0,147,000	20,832,352 3,277,924	10,279,125	39,259,363 3,277,924
Unrestricted	- 11,598,058		2,277,739	18,483,094
TOTAL NET WESTS	\$ 19,745,944	\$ 28,717,573	\$ 12,556,864 \$	61,020,381

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement.

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TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

· ·				 			
		Sewer Fund	(as	Electric Light Fund s of December 31, 2005)	(Community Cablevision Fund of December 31, 2005)	Total
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	2,651,698	\$	26,292,216	\$	9,248,966	\$ 38,192,880
Other		66,918		16,133		19,239	 102,290
Total Operating Revenues		2,718,616		26,308,349		9,268,205	 38,295,170
Operating Expenses: Salaries & Wages Operating Expenses Maintenance Expenses Depreciation		237,886 2,340,453 297,957		24,539,896 1,117,274 1,289,238		5,773,169 285,768 1,499,625	237,886 32,653,518 1,403,042 3,086,820
Total Operating Expenses		2,876,296		26,946,408		7,558,562	37,381,266
Operating Income (Loss)		(157,680)		(638,059)		1,709,643	 913,904
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Investment Income Intergovernmental Other Income Nep/US Generation Disputed Billings Interest Expense Other Expenses		82,331 - - (13,004)		32,737 - 1,382 429,013 (81,065) (13,716)		- - - - (152,001) (5,229)	32,737 82,331 1,382 429,013 (246,070) (18,945)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		69,327		368,351		(157,230)	 280,448
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers		(88,353)		(269,708)	<u>,,</u>	1,552,413	 1,194,352
Operating Transfers: Transfer In		646,485		-		-	646,485
Transfers (Out)		(16,655)		(121,995)		(382,062)	 (520,712)
Total Operating Transfers		629,830		(121,995)		(382,062)	 125,773
Change in Net Assets		541,477		(391,703)		1,170,351	 1,320,125
Net Assets at Beginning of Year (as restated]	19,204,467		29,109,276		11,386,513	 59,700,256
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	19,745,944	\$	28,717,573	\$	12,556,864	\$ 61,020,381

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 PROPRIETARY FUNDS

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Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

		Sewer Fund	Electric Light Fund (as of December 31, 2005)	Community Cablevision Fund (as of December 31, 2005)	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers and Users Receipts from Other Revenues Payments to Vendors and Employees Refunds from MMWEC and Others Other Receipts and Payments	↔	2,781,159 66,918 (2,566,320)	\$ 26,237,330 (25,624,079) 332,469 (3,812)	\$ 9,156,133 \$ 19,239 (6,227,745)	38,174,622 86,157 (34,418,144) 332,469 (3,812)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		281,757	941,908	2,947,627	4,171,292
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers from (to) Other Funds		629,830	(121,995)	(382,062)	125,773
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities		629,830	(121,995)	(382,062)	125,773
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Intergovernmental Revenues Proceeds from Bonds Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes Interest Expense		82,331 - (31,024) (13,622) (12,945)	379,400 (1,263,536) (550,000) (86,686)	- (1,916,468) (355,000) (152,002)	82,331 379,400 (3,211,028) (918,622) (251,633)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities		24,740	(1,520,822)	(2,423,470)	(3,919,552)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investment Income Proceeds/(Purchase) of Investments		(173,346)	32,737 5,069		32,737 (168,277 <u>)</u>
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		(173,346)	37,806	,	(135,540)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		762,981	(663,103)	142,095	241,973
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,633,810	3,991,443	1,464,370	7,089,623
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	8	2,396,791	\$ 3,328,340	\$ 1,606,465 \$	7,331,596

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

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Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

				Total
Community	Cablevision	Fund	(as of December	31, 2005)
Electric	Light	Fund	(as of December	31, 2005)
			Sewer	Fund

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:

Operating Income (Loss)	↔	(157,680) \$	\$ (638,059)	1,709,643	913,904
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		297 957	1,289,238	1,499,625	3,086,820
Depreciation		100,107	(2.111)	•	(2,111)
Amortization		1	429,013		429,013
Neb/OS Generation Disputed burnings Adjustricant Loss on extinguishment of debt		•	(10,223)		(10,223)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:				11.000	(446 457)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		11,495	(524,078)	(203,574)	(440, 137)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll		(1,258)			(1,258)
Increase (Decrease) in Drovision for Rate Refund		•	3,812		3,812
Increase (Decrease) in Provision to Trace recinity		1 782	9,387	2,308	13,477
Increase (Decrease) III Compensated Asserted		' 	6.157	,	6,157
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Credits			(3,224)		(3.224)
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Debits		•	(3,512)	•	(3.812)
Decrease (Increase) in Reserve Funds		•	(2,0,0)	50 605	50 036
Decrease (Increase) in Materials and Supplies			(BOC'B)	00000	(45) 664)
Decrease (Increase) in Prenaid Expenses			(124,722)	(28,942)	(103,004)
Decrease (Increase) in Other Accounts December		ı	116.150	1	116,150
Decrease (increase) in Ottlei Accounts Necelyanie		129.461	133,949	(91,038)	172,372
Tetal Adirestments		439.437	1,579,967	1,237,984	3,257,388
Not Cash Drowided by (Used for) Operating Activities	69	281,757 \$	941,908 \$	2,947,627 \$	4,171,292
Net Casil Florided by Coses (c) Charles (c)					

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	E Sys T (as	REWSBURY imployees Retirement tem Pension rust Fund of December 31, 2005)	Private Purpose rust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accrued Interest and Dividends Accounts Receivable	\$	293,961 54,528,004 6,274 24,166	\$ 3,709 288,192 - -	\$ 2,718,885 29,942
Total Assets		54,852,405	 291,901	2,748,827
LIABILITIES Warrants Payable Due to Others Due to Student Groups Escrows and Deposits		69,870 - - -	- - -	70,503 216,416 2,461,908
Total Liabilities		69,870	_	2,748,827
NET ASSETS: Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$	54,782,535	\$ 291,901	\$ -

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	E R Sys T (as	REWSBURY mployees etirement tem Pension rust Fund of December 31, 2005)		Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions			-	
Contributions: Employers Plan Members Transfers/Reimbursements from Other Systems Federal Grant Reimbursements Commonwealth of Massachusetts - COLA	\$	2,253,702 1,720,967 250,287 39,116 324,125	\$	-
Private Donations		· -		29,687
Total Contributions		4,588,197		29,687
Investment Income: Interest & Dividends Net Change in Fair Value of Investments Total Investment Earnings Less Investment Expense Net Investment Earnings Total Additions		519,994 3,866,642 4,386,636 (351,898) 4,034,738 8,622,935		10,183 (5,250) 4,933 - 4,933 34,620
Deductions: Benefit Payments to Plan Members and Beneficiaries Refunds to Members Transfers to Other Systems Educational Scholarships Charitable Expenses General Expenses Total Deductions		3,846,688 218,260 300,245 - 57,226 4,422,419		54,913 45 - 54,958
Change in Net Assets		4,200,516		(20.220)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		50,582,019		312,239
Net Assets at End of Year	_\$	54,782,535	\$	291,901

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

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The Town of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts (the Town) was incorporated in 1727 under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Town is governed by an elected five member Board of Selectmen.

For financial reporting purposes, the Town has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions. The Town has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended component units are entities that are legally separate from the Town, but are so related that they are, in substance, part of the Town's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The following component unit is blended within the primary government in the fiduciary funds:

The Shrewsbury Contributory Retirement System (the System) was established to provide retirement benefits to Town employees, the Town Housing Authority employees, and their beneficiaries. The System is governed by a five-member board comprised of the Town Accountant (ex-officio), two members elected by the System's participants, one member appointed by the Board of Selectmen, and one member appointed by the Board members. The System is presented using the accrual basis of accounting and is reported as a pension trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

The system did not issue a separate audited financial statement. The System issues a publicly available unaudited financial report in accordance with guidelines established by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC). That report may be obtained by contacting the System located at 100 Maple Avenue, Shrewsbury, Massachusetts.

The Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) - The condensed financial statements of the Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) (the Department) are included in the Proprietary Fund Types column and Business-Type Activity column of the basic financial statements. The complete financial statements can be obtained from their respective administration offices at 100 Maple Street, Shrewsbury, Massachusetts.

The Town is responsible for electing the governing board of the Shrewsbury Housing Authority. This related organization is excluded from the financial reporting entity because the Town's accountability does not extend beyond the Town electing the board members. Audited financial statements are available from the respective organization. A description of the related organization is as follows:

Shrewsbury Housing Authority - A public housing agency that provides housing assistance to eligible and qualified low and moderate income elderly, handicap and families. The housing authority is an autonomous and self-sufficient agency under the State Executive Office of Communities and Development. The Town has no significant influence over management, budget or policies of the authority.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Town of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts (the Town) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant Town accounting policies are described herein.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are supported primarily by user fees and charges.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and displayed in a single column.

Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

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C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and

similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to be used to pay current liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, excises and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *stabilization fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for the accumulation of resources to provide general and/or capital reserves, and planning and development's ongoing and future operations.

The senior high school construction fund is used to account for financial resources to construct a new senior high school.

The *middle school renovation fund* is used to account for financial resources to remodel, reconstruct and make repairs to the old high school for use as a middle school.

The Allen farm property acquisition fund is used to account for financial resources to acquire the land and buildings situated in the Town.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The sewer fund is used to account for the sewer activities.

The *electric light fund* is used to account for activities of the government's electric distribution operations.

The *community cablevision fund* provides transmission of cable television signals, and the installations necessary for the customers to receive them.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government programs.

The Shrewsbury Employees Retirement System Pension trust fund is used to account for the activities of the System, which accumulates resources to provide pension benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in the permanent fund, under which principal and investment income exclusively benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The agency fund is used to account for assets held in a purely custodial custody.

The non-major governmental fund consists of other special revenue, capital projects, and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the *non-major governmental funds* column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these funds types:

The *special revenue fund* is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent funds or capital projects funds) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Enterprise and Trust Funds).

The *permanent fund* is used to account for financial resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the governmental programs.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances from all funds, except those required to be segregated by law, are combined to form a consolidation of cash.

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Town maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption, "cash and cash equivalents".

Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and non-major governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by Massachusetts General Laws (MGL).

Investment income from proprietary funds is maintained in those funds.

E. Investments

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State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments to the Town. Deposits in any financial institution may not exceed certain levels within the financial institution. Non-fiduciary fund investments can be made in securities issued by or unconditionally guaranteed by the U. S. Government or agencies that have a maturity of less than one year from the date of purchase and repurchase agreements guaranteed by such securities with maturity dates of no more than 90 days from the date of purchase.

Investments in the Contributory Retirement System consist of marketable securities, bonds and short-term money market investments.

All investments are carried at fair value.

F. Receivables

The recognition of revenues related to accounts receivable reported in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements are reported under the accrual basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis of accounting, respectively.

Property Taxes, Deferred Property Taxes, Taxes in Litigation, and Tax Liens

Property taxes are based on assessments as of January 1, 2005 and include betterments, special assessments and liens. Taxes are used to finance the operations of the Town for the fiscal year July 1st to June 30th. By law, all taxable property in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts must be assessed at 100% of fair cash value. Taxes are due and payable on July 1st. The Town has accepted the quarterly tax payment system. Under the quarterly tax payment system, the assessors make a preliminary tax commitment based on the prior year's net tax and may not exceed, with limited exceptions, fifty percent of that amount. The collector must mail preliminary tax bills each year by July 1st. The preliminary tax is payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on August 1st and the second installment is due on November 1st. After the Town sets the tax rate, the assessors make the actual tax commitment. If actual bills are mailed on or before December 31st, the balance remaining is payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on February 1st and the second installment is due on May 1st. If bills are mailed after December 31st, the entire balance is not due until May 1st or thirty days after the bills were mailed, whichever is later. Any betterments, special assessments and other charges are added to the actual bills. Interest at the rate of 14% is charged on the amount of any preliminary tax or actual tax installment payment that is unpaid and delinquent and is charged only for the number of days the payment is actually delinquent. If actual tax bills are mailed after December 31st, interest will be computed from May 1st, or the payment due date, whichever is later. The Town has an ultimate right to foreclose on property for which taxes have not been paid. Property taxes levied are recorded as receivables. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which they have been levied.

The Town mailed preliminary tax bills for the fiscal year 2006 on June 30, 2005, that were due on August 1, 2005 and November 1, 2005 and actual bills on December 30, 2005 that were due on February 1, 2006 and May 1, 2006.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts electorate in November, 1980, passed legislation known as Proposition 2 1/2, in order to limit the amount of revenue to be raised by taxation. The purpose of the legislation was to control the levy of taxes that are assessed to property owners of a Town. The legal levy limit under Proposition 2 1/2 for fiscal year 2006 is \$43,235,918 consisting of a base of \$39,143,375 and a debt exclusion of \$4,092,543. The total amount raised by taxation was \$43,214,514.

The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Excise Taxes

Excise taxes consist of motor vehicle excise and vessel excise. Excise taxes are assessed annually for each vehicle and vessel registered in the Town, and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of vehicles registered and the fair value of those vehicles. The Board of Assessors of the Town is responsible for determining the value of each vessel.

The tax calculation is the fair market value of the vehicle or vessel multiplied by the \$25 per \$1,000 of value and \$10 per \$1,000 of valuation, respectively.

The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis. •

User Charges

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User charges in the governmental funds consist of water that is levied monthly based on individual meter readings and usage and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Liens are processed each year and included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill.

User charges in the business-type funds consist of sewer, electric light and community cablevision that is levied monthly based on individual meter readings and usage and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Liens are processed each year and included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill. Sewer liens are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based upon historical trends and specific account analysis.

Special Assessments

Special assessments consist of the water and street betterments in the general fund and Title V septic loan repayments in the nonmajor funds and sewer in the business-type funds.

These receivables are considered 100% collectible and, therefore, do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

Due from Other Governments

Various federal and state grants for operating and capital purposes are applied for and received annually. For non-expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

These receivables are considered 100% collectible and, therefore, do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Inventories

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Inventories in the business-type activities consists of parts and accessories purchased for use in the utility business for construction, operation, maintenance and installation purposes and are stated at cost.

H. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses in the electric light fund consists predominately of prepayments on purchased power. Prepaid expenses in the community cablevision fund are attributable to insurance, maintenance contracts, signal purchases and retirement payments.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and renovations, machinery, equipment and other, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, water mains, sewer mains, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column of the government wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value.

All purchase and construction costs in excess of \$10,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

Capital assets (excluding land) for the governmental activities are depreciated on a straightline basis. The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

Capital Asset Type	Years
Buildings and renovations	20-40
Machinery, equipment and other	3-10
Infrastructure	20-50

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

Capital assets of the sewer enterprise fund include machinery, equipment and other, and infrastructure assets (e.g. sewer mains), and are reported in the applicable business type column of the government wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available.

All purchase and construction costs in excess of \$10,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

The statutory provision for depreciation of the utility plant in the electric light enterprise fund and the cablevision enterprise fund is computed on a straight-line method at 3 percent of cost of plant in service at the beginning of the year, exclusive of land and land rights. Therefore no depreciation is taken in the year of plant additions. Massachusetts law stipulates that SELCO – Electric may exceed the 3 percent depreciation rate only with the approval of the DTE.

SELCO – Electric charges maintenance to expense when incurred. Replacements and betterments are charged to the utility plant. At the time properties are retired, the cost of property retired less accumulated depreciation, salvage value, and any cash proceeds is charged to unappropriated earned surplus.

Property, plant and equipment for the cablevision enterprise fund is computed using percentages ranging from three to twenty percent of the cost of cablevision plant. Expenditures for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of property and equipment are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

J. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certain assets of the electric light fund are classified as restricted because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use in limited.

- The *depreciation fund* is restricted to specific uses by the General Laws of Massachusetts.
- The stranded investment fund is used to deposit funds raised through a surcharge to cover stranded costs as they become due. The United States electric utility industry is undergoing rate deregulation that will increase competition in the generation and sale of power. As part of this transition, many utilities are requesting compensation for prior investments or commitments that will be rendered uneconomic in a competitive market. These uneconomic investments and commitments, commonly referred to as stranded costs, include costs associated with above-market power purchase contracts and costs associated with the closure of a power plant.

As a matter of public policy, regulatory authorities have provided for the recovery of a utility's stranded investment through the implication of a surcharge in the rate base.

 The investment in other companies fund is used to hold funds of the electric light fund's equity requirements for the Hydro-Quebec phase II interconnection as required under agreements with the New England Hydro-Transmission Electric Company, Inc. and the New England Hydro-Transmission Corporation.

K. Interfund Transfers

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During the course of its operations, resources are permanently reallocated between and within funds. These transactions are reported as operating transfers in and operating transfers out.

In the government-wide financial statements, operating transfers between and within governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of activities. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of activities as "Transfers net".

In the fund financial statements, operating transfers between and within funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements and are reported as operating transfers in and operating transfers out.

L. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue at the fund financial statement level represents billed receivables that do not meet the available criterion in accordance with the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Deferred revenue is recognized as revenue in the conversion to the government-wide (full accrual) financial statements.

M. Net Assets and Fund Equity

Net assets are reported as restricted when amounts are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific future use.

Net assets have been "restricted for" the following:

"Capital projects" represents amounts restricted for capital purposes.

"Federal and state grants" represents amounts restricted for by the federal and state government for various programs.

"Permanent funds" represents amounts held in trust for which the expenditures are restricted by various trust agreements.

"Other purposes" represents restrictions placed on assets from outside parties.

"Depreciation" represents amounts set aside to pay for capital investments in the electric light department. The fund is allowed by state statute.

Fund balances are reserved for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific future use. Designations of fund balances represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Fund balances have been "reserved for" the following:

"Encumbrances and continuing appropriations" represents amounts obligated under purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures that are being carried over to the ensuing fiscal year.

"Designated for subsequent years' expenditures" represents the amount of fund balance appropriated to be used for expenditures in the subsequent year's budget. The Town includes the following in the reserve:

General Fund:		
Undesignated Fund Balance:		\$ 1,607,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Sale of cemetery lots	18,000	
Septic loan repayment fund	15,128	
Coal ash reserve	425,000	
Cemetery funds	30,000	
Interest on school borrowing	800,000	
Sale of real estate	194,220	
Home farm claims settlement	47,758	
Gifts	50,000	
Land acquisition bonds	89,868	1,669,974

\$ 3,276,974

N. Long-term Debt

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Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net assets.

The face amount of governmental funds long-term debt is reported as other financing sources.

O. Compensated Absences

The Town grants to employees sick and vacation leave in varying amounts based upon length of service and in accordance with various individual union contracts. For Town employees, individuals are provided for a maximum of 20 days of accumulated sick leave. To be eligible, the individual must have accumulated a minimum of 150 days of sick leave

and have twenty or more years of continuous service to the Town. Upon retirement, termination, or death, certain employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave (subject to certain limitations) at their current rates of pay.

P. Post Retirement Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, health insurance coverage is provided for retired employees and their survivors in accordance with MGL, Chapter 32, on a pay-as-you-go basis. The cost of providing health insurance is recognized by recording the employer's share of insurance premiums at various percentages for retirees, spouses and surviving spouses in the general fund in the fiscal year paid. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, the expense/expenditure totaled approximately \$1,168,328. There were approximately 391 participants eligible to received benefits at June 30, 2006.

Q. Use of Estimates

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The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted for the Town's General Fund. Although legislative approval is required for the acceptance of grants, capital projects, and borrowing authorizations, annual budgets are not prepared for any other fund; therefore, comparison of budget to actual is only presented for the General Fund.

The Town must establish its property tax rate each year so that the property tax rate levy will comply with the limits established by Proposition 2 1/2, as amended, and also equal the sum of (a) the aggregate of all annual appropriations for expenditures, plus (b) provision for prior year deficits, if any, less (c) the aggregate of all non property tax revenues estimated to be received, including available funds.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the General Fund budgetary data as reflected in the financial statements:

- -All boards, officers and committees of the Town shall annually, at the request of the town manager, submit in writing a detailed estimate of the appropriations required for the efficient and proper conduct of their respective departments and offices during the next fiscal year.
- -Not less than ninety days prior to the date of the start of the annual Town meeting, the town manager shall submit to each member of the finance committee and of the board of selectmen, a copy of the annual budget.

- -The finance committee shall consider the annual budget prepared by the town manager and may confer with Town boards, officers, and committees and may hold hearings if they deem it advisable.
- -The finance committee shall thereupon approve or disapprove the amount. The committee shall furnish to the selectmen on or before April 1st of each year a report with the recommendations and the same shall be printed and ready for distribution at the annual Town meeting.
- -The budget is legally enacted by vote at the annual Town meeting.
- -Supplemental appropriations may be made from available funds after the setting of the tax rate with Town meeting approval.

Massachusetts law requires cities and towns to provide for a balanced budget. Section 23 of Chapter 59 of the Massachusetts General Laws states, in part,

"The assessors shall annually assess taxes to an amount not less than the aggregate of all amounts appropriated, granted or lawfully expended by their respective towns (cities) since the preceding annual assessment and not provided for therein . . . "

For fiscal year 2006, the Town incurred a final budget deficit of \$7,774,655 for the General Fund.

The Town voted from the following sources to fund the deficit budget during the fiscal year:

Unreserved fund balance:	
Free cash votes	\$ 2,180,000
Appropriations reserved	846,452
Prior year's encumbrances	4,658,522
Additional MSBA aid	 89,681
	\$ 7,774,655

B. Deficit Fund Equity

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The following funds had deficits at June 30, 2006 as measured by the balances of unreserved fund balance.

- The Allen farm property acquisition fund had a deficit fund balance of \$6,029,167. The Town has authorized remaining borrowings in the amount of \$6,100,000. The deficit will be eliminated when the long term debt is issued.
- The recycling revolving fund had a deficit fund balance of \$59. The Deficit will be eliminated upon the receipt of additional receipts.

3. DETAILED NOTES

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A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risks - Deposits - Town's Financials

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Deposits at June 30, 2006 were \$10,830,501. Of these, \$9,917,048 were exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risks - Deposits - Shrewsbury Contributory Retirement System

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it. The System does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits at December 31, 2005 were \$364,070. None was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investment Policies - Town Financials

Investments of funds, except for trust funds, are generally restricted by Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 44, Section 55. That statute permits investments of available revenue funds and bond and notes proceeds in term deposits and certificates of deposits of banks and trust companies, in obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the federal government or an agency thereof with a maturity of not more than one year, in repurchase agreements with a maturity of not more than 90 days secured by federal or federal agency securities, in participation units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust ("MMDT"), or in shares in SEC-registered money market funds with the highest possible rating from at least one nationally recognized rating organization.

The MMDT is an investment pool created by the Commonwealth under the supervision of the State Treasurer's office. According to the State Treasurer, the Trust's investment policy is designed to maintain an average weighted maturity of 90 days or less and is limited to high-quality, readily marketable fixed income instruments, including U. S. Government obligations and highly-rated corporate securities with maturities of one year or less.

As of June 30, 2006, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

			Investme	n Years)		
Investment Type	Fair Value		Less Than 1			6 to 10
Debt Securities:						
U. S. treasury obligations	\$	341,795	\$ -	\$	341,795	\$ -
U. S. government agencies		33,600,431	10,001,560		20,808,204	2,790,667
Money market mutual fund		1,144,093	1,144,093		-	-
		35,086,319	11,145,653		21,149,999	2,790,667
Other Investments:						
MMDT		857,305				
	\$	35,943,624	:			

Custodial Credit Risks

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the Town's \$35,943,624 in investments, \$34,586,319 are uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department but not in the Town's name. The Town has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

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The Town's exposure to credit risk as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

			Moody's Quality Ratings					
Related Debt Instruments	Fair Value		Aaa		Aa2		Not Rated	
Debt Securities:								
U. S. treasury obligations	\$	341,795	\$	341,795	\$	-	\$	-
U. S. government agencies		33,600,431		33,351,291		249,140		-
Money market mutual fund		1,144,093				-		1,144,093
	\$	35,086,319	\$	33,693,086	\$	249,140	\$	1,144,093

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount the Town may invest in one issuer. More than 5 percent of the Town's investments are Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company, Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal National Mortgage Association amounting to 9.42%, 42.35% and 38.82%, respectively, of the Town's total investments.

Investment Policies - Shrewsbury Contributory Retirement System

Under PERAC regulations, every retirement board shall file a statement of investment objectives with PERAC. Among the information to be filed are the investment policy, the rate of return expected, the expected level of risk, the asset mix, the degree of diversification, and other pertinent financial information. At all times, the Board's investments are subject to certain limitations set forth in Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 32. Any investment not specifically addressed in these guidelines is not allowed.

Specific policies for investments of funds for the system that have been approved by PERAC, are as follows:

- Fixed income investments shall be permitted in obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Government of the United States, agency securities, corporate bonds (Yankees and bond-like convertibles), municipal bonds, mortgage-back securities (MBS, CMBS and CMO's), and asset-backed securities.
- Fixed income investments shall be permitted in bonds issued by the State of Isreal.
- Fixed income investments shall have a minimum quality rating of Baa/BBB as rated by one or more recognized bond rating service at The time of purchase. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below Baa/BBB shall be liquidated within a reasonable period of time determined by the manager so as not to be detrimental to the plan. If the manager determines it prudent to hold an investment that has been downgraded below Baa/BBB, they will be required to report at least monthly the status of said bond and reasons for holding said bond.
- No more than five percent of the total market value of all fixed income investments shall be invested in debt obligations of any one fixed income issuer except for securities issued and guaranteed by the United States Government, or its agencies, which may be held without limitations.
- For the purposes of these guidelines, convertible bonds and convertible preferred stocks shall be considered fixed income investments.
- Miscellaneous provisions:

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- Use of swaps, primes, scores or other similar products are prohibited.
- Use of margin buying is prohibited.
- Use of derivative investments including but not limited to: Forwards, future options, warrants, hedging, or structured investments which display derivative like characteristics are prohibited. CMO's and mortgage-backed securities are not considered derivative investments for the purposes of these guidelines.

- Short selling of securities is prohibited.
- Unregistered or restricted stocks are prohibited.
- Commodities are prohibited.
- Commingled or mutual funds with the exception of bank STIF funds are prohibited.
- Yankee bonds are limited to 5% of the fixed income portfolio.
- The portfolio shall comply at all times with applicable laws and regulations. For the purposes of these guidelines, it at any time this document is found to be in conflict with applicable laws and regulations, the statute shall prevail.

As of June 30, 2006, the System had the following investments and maturities:

			Maturity in Yea			ears
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than a Year		6 to 10
Debt Securities:	•	4.044.004	•	1.014.001	¢	
Money market mutual funds	\$	1,914,091	\$	1,914,091	\$	44400000
Bond mutual fund		14,163,300		-		14,163,300
		16,077,391		1,914,091		14,163,300
Other Investments:						
Equity securities - Domestic		12,216,864				
Equity mutual funds - Domestic		15,293,272				
Equity mutual funds - International		6,668,961				
Pooled real estate funds		4,271,516	_			
	\$	54,528,004	=			

The bond mutual fund has an average maturity of 9.7 years.

Custodial Credit Risks - Investments

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the System's \$54,528,004 in investments, \$11,716,864 are uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department but not in the System's name. The System has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The System limits investments in bonds with a minimum quality rating of Baa or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services, however, 10% of the market value of fixed income investments may be invested in bonds with a minimum quality rating of Ba or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services

The System's exposure to credit risk as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

		Moody Quality Ratings							
Related Debt Instruments	Fair Value			AAA		Not Rated			
Money market mutual fund	\$	1,914,091	\$	-	\$	1,914,091			
Bond mutual fund		14,163,300		14,163,300		-			
	\$	16,077,391	\$	14,163,300	\$	1,914,091			

Concentration of Credit Risk

The System may invest up to 15% of the account's assets in high yield securities on an opportunistic basis. There are no qualified investments that are more than 5 percent.

The stranded investment fund and investment in other companies fund are shown as restricted assets and are not in the custody of Town.

B. Receivables

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At June 30, 2006, receivables for the individual major governmental funds and non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Allowance				
	Gross		for		Net
	Amount	Une	collectibles		Amount
Major and non-major governmental funds:					
Property taxes	\$ 514,618	\$	(31,709)	\$	482,909
Deferred property taxes	45,500		-		45,500
Taxes in litigation	13,137		-		13,137
Tax liens	99,942		(12,961)		86,981
Excise taxes	538,440		(269, 156)		269,284
User charges	225,699		(5,000)		220,699
Special assessments	371,095		-		371,095
Due from other governments	49,219,559		-		49,219,559
Fiduciary funds: (at December 31, 2005)					
Shrewsbury Employees Retirement System					
Pension Trust Fund	24,166		-		24,166
	\$ 51,052,156	\$	(318,826)	\$	50,733,330

At June 30, 2006 and (December 31, 2005 for the electric light and cable enterprise funds), receivables for the business-type activities consist of the following:

	Gross Amount	Allowance for collectibles	Net Amount
Sewer activities:			
Sewer user charges	\$ 134,857	\$ (5,000) \$	129,857
Sewer special assessments	1,092,241	 -	1,092,241
	 1,227,098	 (5,000)	1,222,098
Electric light activities:			
User charges	1,950,114	(48,157)	1,901,957
Other	60,216	-	60,216
	2,010,330	(48,157)	1,962,173
Cablevision activities:			
Cablevision	892,993	 (41,271)	851,722
	\$ 4,130,421	\$ (94,428) \$	4,035,993

The composition of amounts due from other governments as of June 30, 2006 for governmental funds is as follows:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund:

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

School Building Authority:

School Building Assistance - Capital Portion \$ 47,789,460

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

U. S. Department of Agriculture

School Lunch \$ 21,104

U. S. Department of Education

School title grants 52,379

Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

Department of Education:

School Lunch 2,621

Massachusetts Highway Department:

 Chapter 90 funded projects
 1,353,995
 1,430,099

 \$ 49,219,559

The composition of other receivables in the electric light enterprise fund as of December 31, 2005 is as follows:

SELCO - Cable	\$ 45,433
Due from town departments	4,316
Other	10,467
	\$ 60,216

The accounts receivable from the town departments and SELCO – Cable are for reimbursements to SELCO – Electric for costs in connection with shared operating expenses.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

The balance of the general fund deferred revenues account is equal to all of June 30, 2006 receivable balances, except real estate and personal property taxes that are accrued for subsequent 60 day collections.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the deferred revenue for property taxes is \$262,709.

The various components of the other deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

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Deferred property taxes	\$	45,500	
Taxes in litigation		13,137	
Tax liens		86,981	
Excise taxes		269,284	
User charges		220,699	
Special assessments		237,921	
Due from other governments	4	7,789,460	\$ 48,662,982
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Special assessments		133,174	
Due from other governments		1,169,445	 1,302,619
			\$ 49,965,601

C. Capital Assets

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Gove	rnmen	tal Ac	tivities

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 14,596,154	\$ 184,83	5 \$ (186,000)	\$ 14,594,989
Construction in progress	984,789		- (984,789)	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	15,580,943	184,83	5 (1,170,789)	14,594,989
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Renovations	110,373,674	1,123,842	2 -	111,497,516
Machinery, equipment and other	4,425,328	199,760	0 -	4,625,088
Infrastructure	17,738,614	1,648,918		19,387,532
Total capital assets being depreciated	132,537,616	2,972,520	0 -	135,510,136
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Renovations	17,959,651	3,742,76	9 -	21,702,420
Machinery, equipment and other	3,130,150	391,63	2 -	3,521,782
Infrastructure	4,062,389	563,34	3 -	4,625,732
Total accumulated depreciation	25,152,190		-	29,849,934
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	107,385,426	(1,725,22	4) -	105,660,202
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 122,966,369	\$ (1,540,38	9) \$ (1,170,789)	\$ 120,255,191

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental type activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 50,911
Public safety	233,178
Public works	747,457
Education	3,447,121
Health and human services	73,387
Culture and recreation	 145,690
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 4,697,744

Course Andivision							
Sewer Activities	Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Increases	D	ecreases	Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:	_	070 100		04.004	•		204 424
Machinery, equipment and other	\$	270,400	\$	31,024	\$	- \$	301,424
Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated		13,943,903 14,214,303		31,024			13,943,903 14,245,327
Total capital assets being depreciated		14,214,505		31,024		_	14,240,027
Less accumulated deprecition for:							
Machinery, equipment and other		179,000		23,159		-	202,159
Infrastructure		5,360,898		274,798			5,635,696
Total accumulated depreciation		5,539,898		297,957		-	5,837,855
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	8,674,405	\$	(266,933)	\$	- \$	8,407,472
Electric light activities							
(as of December 31, 2005)		Zaginning					Ending
	t	Beginning Balance		Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:		Dalatice		mereases		corcuses	Bulunce
Land	\$	114,359	\$	-	\$	- \$	114,359
Construction in progress				70,451			70,451
Total capital assets not being depreciated		114,359		70,451		<u> </u>	184,810
Capital appara hains depresinted:							
Capital assets being depreciated: Electric utility plant		42,974,588		1,193,088		(24,132)	44,143,544
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	42,974,588		1,193,088		(24,132)	44,143,544
Total capital assets being depressated		42,314,300		1,100,000		(24,102)	44,140,044
Less accumulated deprecition for:							
Electric utility plant		20,531,496		1,289,238		(24,132)	21,796,602
Total accumulated depreciation		20,531,496		1,289,238		(24,132)	21,796,602
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		22,443,092		(96,150)		-	22,346,942
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	_\$_	22,557,451	\$	(25,699)	\$	\$	22,531,752
Cablevision activities							
(as of December 31, 2005)		Beginning					Ending
		Balance		Increases	П	ecreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:		Daianoc		Moreuses			Bularioe
Construction in progress	\$	~	\$	33,929	\$	· _	33,929
Total capital assets not being depreciated		-		33,929		-	33,929
Conital aggets hains described.							
Capital assets being depreciated: Plant investment		24 000 222		1 000 500		(48.020)	25 022 042
Total capital assets being depreciated		24,088,332 24,088,332		1,882,539 1,882,539		(48,029) (48,029)	25,922,842
. July capital accord being depreciated		27,000,002		1,002,009		(40,023)	25,922,842
Less accumulated deprecition		11,056,050		1,499,625		(48,029)	12,507,646
Total and tall and ta							
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		13,032,282		382,914			13,415,196
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	_\$_	13,032,282	\$	416,843	\$	- \$	13,449,125

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities:

Sewer enterprise fund	\$ 297,957	
Electric light enterprise fund	1,289,238	3
Cablevision enterprise fund	1,499,625	5
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 3,086,820	<u> </u>

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, are summarized as follows:

		Transfers In:								
Transfers Out:		Nonmajo General governmen fund fund		vernmental	Business- I type funds		Total			
General fund Stabilization fund Nonmajor governmental funds Business-type funds	\$	170,000 765,399 554,550	\$	540,092 - - -	\$	632,329	\$	1,172,421 170,000 765,399 554,550		
Total transfers out	\$	1,489,949	\$	540,092	\$	632,329	\$	2,662,370		

E. Short-Term Financing

Under the general laws of the Commonwealth and with the appropriate local authorization the Town is authorized to borrow funds on a temporary basis to (1) fund current operations prior to the collection of revenues, by issuing revenue anticipation notes, (2) fund grants prior to reimbursements, by issuing grant anticipation notes, and (3) fund capital projects costs incurred prior to selling permanent debt by issuing bond anticipation notes.

Details related to the short-term debt activity of the governmental type fund are as follows:

		Final				
	Interest	Maturity	Balance	Renewed/	Retired/	Outstanding
Purpose	Rate	Date	June 30, 2005	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2006
Bond Anticipation Notes:		•				
School renovations	3.25%	08/12/05	12,200,000	-	12,200,000	-
Land acquistion	3.00%	11/23/05	6,100,000	-	6,100,000	-
School renovations	3.75%	08/11/06	-	1,278,307	-	1,278,307
Land acquistion	4.50%	11/22/06	-	6,100,000	-	6,100,000
Massachusetts Water Pollution						
Abatement Trust:						
Septic Title V		12/31/05	94,573	-	94,573	
			\$18,394,573	\$ 7,378,307	\$18,394,573	\$ 7,378,307

F. Long Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Funds

	Interest Rate	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Original Amount Issued	Outstanding June 30, 2006
Inside Debt:					
Land Acquisition - Conservation	4.74%	06/01/99	06/01/19	3,000,000	\$ 1,915,000
Land Acquisition - High School	4.75%	06/01/99	06/01/19	2,400,000	1,560,000
Senior Center	4.36%	06/01/99	06/01/09	1,000,000	300,000
High School Construction	4.46%	08/15/01	08/15/21	58,900,000	49,195,000
Land Acquisition - Conservation	4.35%	08/15/01	08/15/19	2,000,000	1,540,000
School Renovations - Middle School West	4.05%	11/15/04	11/15/24	7,400,000	7,030,000
School Addition - Parker Road Preschool	3.72%	11/15/04	11/15/19	1,250,000	1,165,000
Elementary School Construction - refunded	4.55%	02/01/05	02/01/16	514,850	510,350
Total Inside Debt					63,215,350
Outside Debt:					
Elementary School Construction - refunded	4.55%	02/01/05	02/01/16	4,520,750	4,483,350
Massachusetts Water Pollution					
Abatement Trust:					
Septic - Title V	N/A	10/25/00	08/01/18	86,947	62,793
Septic - Title V	N/A	02/01/04	08/01/22	105,896	94,479
Septic - Title V	N/A	11/16/05	07/15/25	94,573	94,573
Total Outside Debt				•	4,735,195
Total governmental type debt					\$ 67,950,545

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for governmental bonds payable in future fiscal years are as follows:

Governmental	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	\$ 4,571,978	\$ 3,065,807	\$ 7,637,785
2008	4,567,628	2,892,252	7,459,880
2009	4,559,128	2,702,803	7,261,931
2010	4,450,478	2,496,680	6,947,158
2011	4,445,128	2,294,141	6,739,269
2012-2016	21,995,390	8,383,812	30,379,202
2017-2021	18,775,835	3,351,983	22,127,818
2022-2026	4,584,980	209,454	4,794,434
	\$ 67,950,545	\$ 25,396,932	\$ 93,347,477

Sewer, Electric Light and Cablevision Enterprise Funds

Business-type debt					
	Interest Rate	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Original Amount Issued	Outstanding June 30, 2006
Sewer activities:					
Inside Debt: Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust - Assebet River consortium	N/A	07/15/01	02/01/21	490,127	\$ 259,586
Electric light activities: (as of December 31, 2005)					
Inside Debt:					
Building renovations	4.57%	02/01/96	02/01/10	1,000,000	70,000
Building renovations Outside Debt:	4.55%	02/01/05	02/01/10	309,400	309,400
Installation of transformers	4.56%	08/15/01	08/15/17	1,760,000	1,320,000 1,699,400
Cablevision activities: (as of December 31, 2005)					
Outside Debt: Plant	4.56%	06/01/99	06/01/14	5,300,000	3,170,000
Total Business-Type Funds				:	\$ 5,128,986

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for the sewer enterprise fund in future fiscal years are as follows:

Year	Р	rincipal	 Interest	Total	
2007	\$	13,880	\$ 12,740	\$	26,620
2008		14,143	12,160		26,303
2009		14,504	11,610		26,114
2010		14,968	11,204		26,172
2011		15,425	10,418		25,843
2012-2016		86,896	38,440		125,336
2017-2021		99,770	12,264		112,034
	\$	259,586	\$ 108,836	\$	368,422

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for the electric light enterprise fund as of June 30, 2006 are as follows: (The electric light enterprise bonds at June 30, 2006, reflect principal payments of \$70,000 and \$3,100 made on February 1, 2006).

Year	Principal		Interest	Total	
2007	\$ 188,150	\$	70,789	\$	258,939
2008	187,500		64,045		251,545
2009	186,000		56,770		242,770
2010	184,650		48,989		233,639
2011	110,000		41,250		151,250
2012-2016	550,000		123,750		673,750
2017-2018	 220,000		11,000		231,000
	\$ 1,626,300	\$	416,593	\$	2,042,893

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Debt service requirements for principal and interest for the cablevision enterprise fund as of June 30, 2006 are as follows: (The cablevision enterprise bonds at June 30, 2006, reflect a principal payment of \$355,000 on June 1, 2006).

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	\$ 355,000	\$ 129,635	\$ 484,635
2008	355,000	114,370	469,370
2009	355,000	98,750	453,750
2010	350,000	82,775	432,775
2011	350,000	66,675	416,675
2012-2014	 1,050,000	101,150	1,151,150
	\$ 2,815,000	\$ 593,355	\$ 3,408,355

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (including the electric light enterprise fund and the cablevision enterprise fund at December 31, 2005), the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities

	1	Balance Beginning	A	dditions	R	eductions		Balance Ending	nounts Due vithin One Year
Governmental activities:									
Bond Payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	72,265,600	\$	-	\$	4,566,900		67,698,700	\$ 4,556,850
Massachusetts Water Pollution									
Abatement Trust		167,670		94,573		10,398		251,845	15,128
Compensated absences		1,128,107		58,578				1,186,685	416,931
Governmental activity									
Long-term liabilities	\$	73,561,377	\$	153,151	\$	4,577,298	\$_	69,137,230	\$ 4,988,909
		Balance Beginning	ļ	Additions	F	Reductions		Balance Ending	nounts Due vithin One Year
Business type activities:									
Bond Payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	4,979,400	\$	-	\$	110,000	\$	4,869,400	\$ 538,100
Massachusetts Water Pollution									
Abatement Trust		273,208		-		13,622		259,586	13,880
Compensated absences		105,741		17,050		-		122,791	 114,665
Business-type activity long term									
Long-term liabilities	\$	5,358,349	\$	17,050	\$	123,622	\$	5,251,777	\$ 666,645

Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust

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The Town has borrowed moneys from the Water Pollution Abatement Project Bond Resolution (Pool Loan Program). Under this program the borrower shall receive, as a credit against the loan repayment then due on this bond, the loan subsidy amounts (earnings on the equity of the trust). The Town currently has four loans as follows:

- -a gross obligation of \$128,234 representing the gross principal and interest repayments amounts; of this loan subsidy amounts consists of \$41,287 resulting in a net loan repayment of \$86,947.
- -a gross obligation of \$768,508 representing the gross principal and interest repayments amounts; of this loan subsidy amounts consists of \$320,919 resulting in a net loan repayment of \$447,589.
- -a gross obligation of \$155,178 representing the gross principal and interest repayments amounts; of this loan subsidy amounts consists of \$49,282 resulting in a net loan repayment of \$105,896.

-a gross obligation of \$94,573 representing the gross principal repayment amounts.

The following is a summary of the activity of the Water Pollution Abatement Project Bond Resolution:

No. 97-1055	P	rincipal	Interest	Total	ess: Loan Subsidy Amount	Re	Net Loan payments
Initial Loan							
Obligation	\$	86,947	\$ 41,287	\$ 128,234	\$ 41,287	\$	86,947
Repayments:							
Fiscal Year 2001		-	1,032	1,032	1,032		-
Fiscal Year 2002		4,831	3,774	8,605	3,774		4,831
Fiscal Year 2003		4,831	3,580	8,411	3,580		4,831
Fiscal Year 2004		4,831	3,387	8,218	3,387		4,831
Fiscal Year 2005		4,831	3,194	8,025	3,194		4,831
Fiscal Year 2006		4,830	3,001	7,831	3,001		4,830
	\$	62,793	\$ 23,319	\$ 86,112	\$ 23,319	\$	62,793

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No. 00-24					_	ess: Loan Subsidy		Net Loan
	F	Principal	 Interest	 Total		Amount	Re	payments
Initial Loan								
Obligation	\$	490,127	\$ 278,381	\$ 768,508	\$	320,919	\$	447,589
Loan Restructure		(165,987)	(89,932)	 (255,919)		(104,517)		(151,402)
		324,140	188,449	512,589		216,402		296,187
Repayments:								
Fiscal Year 2002		3,939	12,011	15,950		8,711		7,239
Fiscal Year 2003		20,355	23,195	43,550		21,245		22,305
Fiscal Year 2004		13,235	18,561	31,796		15,461		16,335
Fiscal Year 2005		13,403	12,901	26,304		12,465		13,839
Fiscal Year 2006		13,622	12,945	26,567		12,411		14,156
	\$	259,586	\$ 108,836	\$ 368,422	\$	146,109	\$	222,313

No. 97-1055-1					ess: Loan Subsidy		Net Loan
	F	Principal	Interest	Total	Amount_	Re	payments
Initial Loan							
Obligation	\$	105,896	\$ 49,282	\$ 155,178	\$ 49,282	\$	105,896
Repayments:							
Fiscal Year 2005		5,849	4,640	10,489	4,640		5,849
Fiscal Year 2006		5,568	4,557	10,125	4,557		5,568
	\$	94,479	\$ 40,085	\$ 134,564	\$ 40,085	\$	94,479

No. 97-1055-2	P	rincipal	Interest	Total	ess: Loan Subsidy Amount	Re	Net Loan epayments
Initial Loan Obligation Repayments:	\$	94,573	\$ -	\$ 94,573	\$ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	94,573
None		-	-	-	-		-
	\$	94,573	\$ -	\$ 94,573	\$ -	\$	94,573

Legal Debt Limit

Under Section 10 of Chapter 44 of the Massachusetts General Laws a Town may authorize indebtedness up to a limit of five percent of its equalized valuation of the Town. Debt issued in accordance with this section of the law is designated as being "inside the debt limit." The Town's inside debt at June 30, 2006 totaled \$63,781,236.

In addition, the Town is authorized to incur debt outside of that limit for specific purposes. Such debt, when issued, is designated as being "outside the debt limit."

The following is a computation of the legal debt limit as of June 30, 2006:

Equalized Valuation-Real Estate and Personal Property (2004)		\$ 4	4,240,111,400
Debt Limit: 5 % of Equalized value		\$	212,005,570
Total Debt Outstanding			
General Debt:	\$ 67,950,545		
Less: Debt Outside Debt Limit	4,735,195	\$	63,215,350
Business-type Debt:	\$ 4,700,886		
Less: Debt Outside Debt Limit	 4,135,000		565,886
Total Inside Debt		\$	63,781,236
Inside Debt Excess Borrowing Capacity at			
June 30, 2006		\$_	148,224,334

Loans Authorized and Unissued - Memorandum Only

Under the general laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts a Town must authorize debt at a Town meeting. This authorized debt does not have to be actually issued at that time and remains authorized until the debt is actually issued or Town meeting votes to rescind the authorized debt. Loan authorizations that have not been issued as permanent long term debt of June 30, 2006 and are not reflected in the Town's financial statements are as follows:

Date of Town		
Meeting	Purpose	 Amount
02/16/00	Remodeling, Reconstructing and Repairs to the Existing	
	Senior High School	\$ 3,358,307
05/20/02	Construction of additional classroom and office space	
	at the former North Shore School	580,000
09/09/02	Acquire land and buildings to the north of Hartford Turnpike	
	also known as Route 20 and the Westerly side of South	
	Street containing approximately 49 acres	6,100,000
10/18/05	Purchase a fire department aerial platform truck	800,000
10/18/05	Enginneering, design, materials and installation of electric	
	light 69V cable between Rolf Avenue and Johnson	
	substations	1,000,000
04/25/06	Construct a new fire station	7,400,000
05/17/06	Construction of a new one million water tank	1,250,000
05/17/06	Water system improvements along Old Mill Road,	
	Harrington Avenue, Route 9 and Maple	1,750,000
		\$ 22,238,307

G. Special Trust Funds

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Stabilization Fund

Under Section 5B of Chapter 40 of the Massachusetts General Laws, the Town may for the purpose of creating a stabilization fund appropriate in any year an amount not exceeding ten percent of the amount raised in the preceding year by taxation of real estate and tangible personal property or such larger amount as may be approved by the Emergency Finance Board. The aggregate amount in the fund at any time shall not exceed ten percent of the equalized valuation of the Town and any interest shall be added to and become a part of the fund. The stabilization fund may be appropriated in a Town at a Town meeting for any lawful purpose.

At June 30, 2006, \$177,383 has been set aside in a stabilization fund, which is classified as a major fund in the governmental funds financial statements.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town has obtained

a variety of commercial liability insurance policies which passes the risk of loss listed above to independent third parties.

Settlement claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Town Meeting - Fiscal Year 2007

Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures - The Town of Shrewsbury operates under the "Representative Meeting" concept where each registered voter elects a representative to vote in adopting of Town budgets and appropriations. The financial statements for June 30, 2006 do not reflect the fiscal year 2007 Town Meeting action, with the exception of Unreserved Fund Balance-Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures as disclosed below. The Annual Town Meeting on May 15, 2006 authorized a fiscal year 2007 operating and capital budget as follows:

From Other Available Funds: (Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures)	
General fund:	
Undesignated Fund Balance:	
(Free cash) 1,607,00	0
Nonmajor governmental funds:	
Cemetery sale of lots \$ 18,000	
Septic loan repayment fund 15,128	
Coal ash reserve 425,000	
Cemetery funds 30,000	
Interest on school borrowing 800,000	
Sale of real estate 194,220	
Home farm claims settlement 47,758	
Gifts 50,000	
Land acquisition bonds 89,868 1,669,97	4
\$ 85,278,38	3

C. Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

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Various cases are pending against the Town. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual matters is not always predictable. Although the amount of the liability, if any, at June 30, 2006, cannot be ascertained, management believes any resulting liability should not materially affect the financial position at June 30, 2006.

Federal Financial Assistance

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The Town receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state agencies in the form of grants and entitlements. Expenditures of funds under these programs require compliance with the grant agreements and are subject to audit procedures prescribed under the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits become a liability of the Town.

The outcome of lawsuits and any findings with respect to disallowed expenditures is not expected to materially affect the financial condition of the Town.

Electric Light Enterprise Fund – Power Sales Agreeement

The Town of Shrewsbury, acting through Shrewsbury Electric and Cable Operations (SELCO) – Electric, is a Participant in certain Projects of the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company (MMWEC).

MMWEC is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts created as a means to develop a bulk power supply for its Members and other utilities. MMWEC is authorized to construct, own or purchase ownership interests in and to issue revenue bonds to finance electric facilities (Projects). MMWEC has acquired ownership interests in electric facilities operated by other utilities and also owns and operates its own electric facilities. MMWEC sells all of the capability (Project Capability) of each of its Projects to its Members and other Utilities (Project Participants) under Power Sales Agreements (PSAs).

Among other things, the PSAs require each Project Participant to pay its pro rata share of MMWEC's costs related to the Project, which includes debt service on the revenue bonds issued by MMWEC to finance the Project, plus 10% of MMWEC's debt service to be paid into a Reserve and Contingency Fund. In addition, should Project Participant fail to make any payment when due, other Project Participants may be required to increase (step up) their payments and correspondingly their Participant's share of Project Capability to an additional amount not exceed 25% of their original Participants' share of that Project's project. Project Participants have covenanted to fix, revise, and collect rates at least sufficient to meet their obligations under the PSAs.

MMWEC has issued separate issues of bonds for each of the eight Projects, which are payable solely from, and secured solely by, the revenues derived from the Project to which the bonds relate plus available funds pledged under the Amended and Restated GBR with respect to the bonds of that project. The MMWEC revenues derived from each Project are used solely to provide for the payment of the bond issue relating to such Project and to pay MMWEC's cost of owning and operating such Project and are not used to provide for the payment of any bond issue relating to any other Project.

MMWEC's operates the Stony Brook Intermediate Project and Stony Brook Peaking Project, both fossil-fueled power plants. MMWEC has a 3.7% interest in the W. F. Wyman Unit No. 4 plant, owned and operated by FPL Energy Wyman IV, a subsidiary of FPL Energy, Inc. and a 4.8% ownership interest in the Millstone Unit 3 nuclear unit operated by

Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. (DNCI) a subsidiary of Dominion Resources, Inc. In addition to Millstone Unit 3, DNCI also is the owner of Millstone Unit 2. In November 2005 the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) renewed the operating licenses for the Millstone Unit 2 and Unit 3 nuclear units for an additional twenty years. The license for Unit 2 was extended to November 25, 2045.

A substantial portion of MMWEC's plant investment and financing program is an 11.6% ownership interest in the Seabrook Station nuclear generating unit operated by FPL Energy Seabrook, LLC (FPLE Seabrook), the majority owner and an indirect subsidiary of FPL. Group, Inc. In December 2005, the NRC issued an amendment to the operating license that extends the expiration date from October 2026 to March 2030, to recapture the period from 1986 to 1990 during which time Seabrook Station had an operating license, but did not operate. FPLE Seabrook has stated it intention to request an extension of the Seabrook Station operating license beyond March 2030.

Pursuant to the PSAs the MMWEC Seabrook and Millstone Project Participants are liable for their proportionate share of the costs associated with decommissioning the plants, which costs are being funded through monthly Project billings. Also, the Project Participants are also liable for their proportionate share of the uninsured costs of a nuclear incident that might be imposed under the Price-Anderson Act (Act). Originally enacted in 1957, the Act has been renewed several times. In July 2005, as part of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, Congress extended the Act until the end of 2025.

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Shrewsbury Electric Light Plant has entered into PSAs and Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) with MMWEC payable solely from Department revenues. Under the PSAs, each participant is unconditionally obligated to make payments due to MMWEC whether or not the Project(s) is completed or operating and notwithstanding the suspension or interruption of the output of the Project(s).

MMWEC is involved in various legal actions. In the opinion of MMWEC management, the outcome of such litigation or claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the company.

As of December 31, 2005, total capital expenditures amounted to \$1,521,643,000, of which \$72,387,000 represents the amount associated with the Department's Project Capability. MMWEC's debt outstanding for the Projects includes Power Supply System Revenue Bonds totaling \$784,995,000, of which \$39,047,000 is associated with the Department's share of Project Capability of the projects in which it participates. As of December 31, 2005, MMWEC's total future debt service requirement on outstanding bonds issued for the Projects is \$978,397,000, of which \$48,784,000 is anticipated to be billed to the Department in the future.

The estimated aggregate amount of SELCO Electric's required payments under the PSAs and PPAs, exclusive of the Reserve and Contingency Fund billings, to MMWEC at December 31, 2005, and estimated for future years is shown below.

For years ended December 31, 2006	\$ 5,381,000
2007	5,253,000
2008	4,963,000
2009	4,450,000
2010	1,077,000
2011 to 2015	19,300,000
2016 to 2019	5,360,000
	\$ 45,784,000

In addition, the Department is required to pay its share of the Operation and Maintenance (O&M) costs of the Projects in which it participates. The Department's total O&M costs including debt service under the PSA's were \$8,905,000 and \$8,705,000 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Cablevision Enterprise Fund – Commitments and Contingencies

The cablevision enterprise fund is committed under long-term signal purchase contracts expiring on various dates through 2011. The following is a schedule by years of the aggregate amount of such required purchases as of December 31, 2005:

2006	\$	2,824,360
2007		1,949,784
2008	•	1,391,521
2009		762,095
2010		307,236
2011		160,755
	\$	7,395,751

Signal purchase expense under these contracts was \$2,765,060 in 2005 and \$2,672,537 in 2004.

D. Pension Plan

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Plan Description

The Town, as a member of the Shrewsbury Contributory Retirement System participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Shrewsbury Retirement Board. Each participating employers' share of the total annual contribution is determined on the basis of active payroll. Substantially, all employees are members of the System, except for public school teachers and administrators who are members of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System to which the Town does not contribute. Pension benefits and administrative expenses are paid by

the Teachers' Retirement Board and are the legal responsibility of the Commonwealth. The amount of these on-behalf payments totaled approximately \$4,974,102 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, and, accordingly, are reported in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and employee benefit expenditures.

Employee membership data as of December 31, 2005 is as follows

Active Members	515
Inactive Members	. 136
Retired Members, Beneficiaries and Survivors	226
	877

The System provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. Cost of living adjustments granted between 1981 and 1987 and any increases in other benefits imposed by the Commonwealth's state law during those years are borne by the Commonwealth and are deposited into the pension fund. Cost-of-living adjustments granted after 1997 must be approved by the Shrewsbury Retirement Board and are borne by the System. The System issues a publicly available unaudited financial report in accordance with guidelines established by the Commonwealth's PERAC. That report may be obtained by contacting the System located at 100 Maple Avenue, Shrewsbury, Massachusetts.

Funding Policy

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Plan members are required to contribute to the System at rates ranging from 5% to 11% of annual covered compensation. The Town is required to pay into the System its share of the system-wide actuarial determined contribution that is apportioned among the employers based on active current payroll. Administrative expenses are funded through investment earnings. Chapter 32B of the Massachusetts general laws governs the contributions of plan members and the Town.

The Town's contribution to the System for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 is shown below, which equaled its required contribution for each fiscal year.

The following schedules are presented in accordance with the GASB No. 25.

Schedule of Funding Progress (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	V	ctuarial /ale of Assets (A)	A Liat	ctuarial ccrued pility (AAL) ntry Aid (B)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((B-A)/C)
01/01/06	\$	54,148	\$	75,979	\$ 21,831	71.3%	\$ 19,897	109.7%
01/01/04		50,857		65,277	14,419	77.9%	17,996	80.1%
01/01/02		46,779		59,313	12,534	78.9%	16,774	74.7%
01/01/00		48,072		49,487	1,415	97.1%	14,065	10.1%

The last actuarial valuation was prepared by Buck Consultants as of January 1, 2006. The actuarial cost method of the plan has been determined in accordance with the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.5% compounded annually and (b) projected salary, including longevity, increases of 5.5% per year per member.

The unfunded actuarial liability for the system is \$21,831,496.

Reporting Policies

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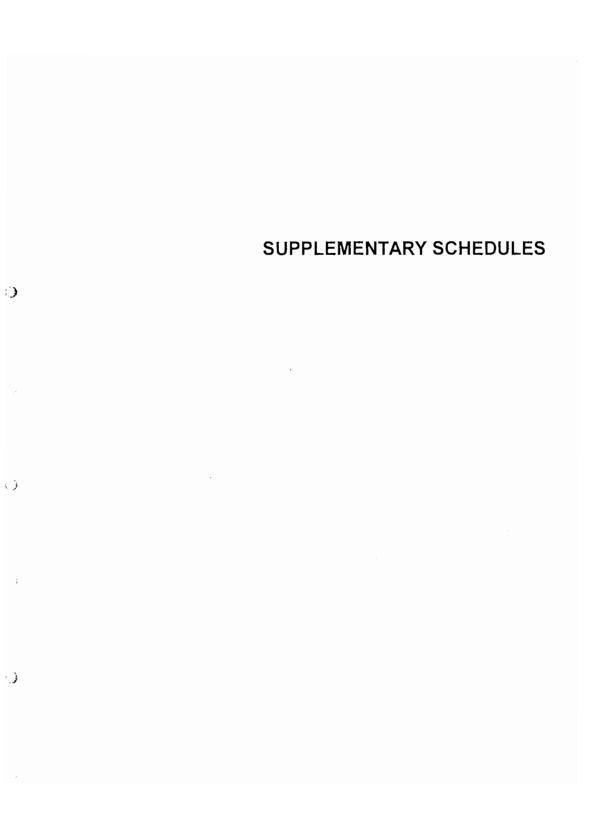
The funds of the Shrewsbury Contributory Retirement System are accounted for under the accrual basis. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenditures are accrued and investments are amortized to value. The books are maintained on a calendar year basis from January 1st to December 31st in accordance with the standards and procedures outlined by the Commissioner of the Public Employees Retirement Administration

Investments are reported in accordance with PERAC requirements.

5. Restatement

RESTATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2005 Business Type activities total net assets as previously reported	\$ 60,870,948
Less: Results from the conversion of the statements of the electric light enterprise and cablevision enterprise from a June 30th year end to a December 31st year end.	(1,170,692)
June 30, 2005 Business-Type activities total net assets	\$ 59.700.256



TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2006

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	Fun Ju	Fund Balances July 1, 2005	Revenues	Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Fund Balances June 30, 2006
Special Revenue:						
Federal and State Grants:						
School Grants	₩		\$ 2,007,438	\$ 1,980,751	· •	\$ 111,657
Arts Lottery Council Grant		6,975	5,644	3,350	,	9,269
Elderly Programs		3,016	31,669	32,499	•	2,186
Health Tobacco Control Program		2,234	1	ı	•	2,234
Highway Grants		•	184,550	184,550	•	•
Lakes and Ponds Grants		140	•	140	•	•
Library Grants		154,215	53,479	20,379	•	187,315
Public Safety Grants		189,659	158,912	86,340		262,231
Lakeway Business District Grants		ı	81,045	81,045	•	•
United States Postal Service Projects		4,378	•	•	•	4,378
Schools:						
School Lunch Program		8,010	1,811,273	1,730,976	•	88,307
School Lunch Commodities		•	73,161	73,161	•	•
Revolving Accounts		1,132,109	2,306,332	2,153,579	•	1,284,862
State Special Education Reimbursement Fund		138,910	1,518,717	1,455,094	•	202,533
Other:						
Arts Scholarship Revolving		564	•	•		564
Council on Aging Van Revolving		6,969	24,749	13,479	1	18,239
Coal Ash Reserve		1,522,291	24,976	•	(275,000)	1,272,267
Composting Revolving		396	6,281	4,409	•	2,268
Donahue Rowing Center Revolving		13,157	54,301	183,180	115,912	190
Filing Fees		175,109	92,901	929'89	•	199,334
Gifts		475,351	879,184	237,686	(30,000)	1,086,849
Home Farm Claims Settlement		47,446	312	•	•	47,758
Infiltration and Inflow		195,274	250,360	•	•	445,634
Insurance Reimbursements		410,738	281,944	36,925	•	655,757
Interest on School Borrowing		2,146,015	127,864	•	•	2,273,879
Law Enforcement Fund		28,203	746	4,696	•	24,253
Parks and Recreation Revolving		271,413	292,430	258,923	,	304,920
Plan and Security Deposits		157	•	•	•	157
Police DARE Program		3,464	269	358		3,375
Total Special Revenue Page 64	ક્ક	7,021,163	\$ 10,268,537	\$ 8,610,196	\$ (189,088)	\$ 8,490,416

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2006

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	Fund Balances July 1, 2005	Revenues	Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Fund Balances June 30, 2006
Continued from Page 64	\$ 7,021,163	\$ 10,268,537	\$ 8,610,196	(189,088)	\$ 8,490,416
Special Revenue (continued):					
Other (continued):					
Police Off Duty Revolving	3,681	228,710	220,391	•	12,000
Pump Grinder Program	5,922	42,012	31,860	•	16,074
Recycling Revolving	71	11,120	11,250	•	(69)
Regional Drug Seizure	84,830	3,754	14,058	•	74,526
Sale of Cemetery Lots	33,013	14,448	•	(25,000)	22,461
Sale of Real Estate		•	•	290,622	290,622
Septic Loan Program	(30,955)	•	52,200	94,573	11,418
Septic Loan Repayment Fund	112,654	20,541	63,494	(10,399)	59,302
Surety Defaults	1,399	65,862	2,325	•	64,936
Traffic and Sewer Improvement Engineering	27,730	•	•	•	27,730
Rowing Center Fund	384,502	8,467		(115,912)	277,057
Workers Compensation Fund	65,670	•	23,622	'	42,048
Total Special Revenue Funds	7,709,680	10,663,451	9,029,396	44,796	9,388,531
Capital Projects:					
Improvement of Water System	149.681	•	45,888	188,000	291,793
Lakeway State Grant		225,000	759		224,241
Land Acquisition Bonds	204,376	ı	'	•	204,376
Parker Road Preschool	12,460	1	t	•	12,460
Public Works Projects	62,924	146,612	180,182	•	29,354
School Construction	73,550	1	•	•	73,550
Senior Center	15,628	1	•	-	15,628
Total Capital Projects	518,619	371,612	226,829	188,000	851,402
Permanent Funds:					
Cemetery Funds	1,089,600	43,647	32,702	(72,908)	1,027,637
Library Funds	633,302	22,561	16,818	,	639,045
Total Permanent Funds	1,722,902	66,208	49,520	(72,908)	1,666,682
Total - Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 9,951,201 \$	11,101,271	\$ 9,305,745	\$ 159,888	\$ 11,906,615

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF REAL ESTATE, PERSONAL PROPERTY, ROLLBACK AND SUPPLEMENTAL TAXES AND DEFERRED PROPERTY TAXES JULY 1, 2005 TO JUNE 30, 2006

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July 1, 2005 Commitments Adjustments Overpayments June 30, 2006 June 30, 200	Overpa	Adjustments	Commitments	July 1, 2005
ids and Taxes	of Refunds and	and		Taxes
Abatements Collections Net Uncollected	Collecti	Abatements		Uncollected
ons Net Uncollids and Tax	Collecti of Refur	Abatements and		:

	S	Uncollected		Ab	Abatements	Collections Net	Uncollected	Uncollected Taxes	cted s
	. :	Taxes	,		and	of Refunds and	Taxes	Per Detail	tail
	3	1, 2003	Communication	1	namen	Overpayments	100 2100	calle 60'	
Real Estate Taxes:									
Levy of 2006	↔	•	\$ 42,914,628	\$	350,473	\$ 42,155,669	\$ 40	\$ 40	408,486
Levy of 2005		405,499	•		123,597	279,707	2,195		2,195
Levy of 2004		1,662	•		34,372	(33'690)			980
Levy of 2003		1,090	•		28,719	(28,201)			572
Levy of 2002		(471)	•		13,977	(14,312)	(136)		(136)
Prior Years		(726)	•		(1,175)	-	449		449
		407,054	42,914,628		549,963	42,359,173	412,546	41	412,546
Personal Property Taxes:									
Levy of 2006		•	346,631		1,487	324,559	20,585		20,585
Levy of 2005		25,864	•		1	6,014	19,850	•	19,850
Levy of 2004		6,915	,	,	27	812	9/0/9	•	9/0′9
Levy of 2003		2,552	•		26	898	1,628	•	1,628
Levy of 2002		4,303	•		1	1,111	3,192	``	3,192
Prior Years		30,395	•		-	4,319	26,076	56	26,076
		70,029	346,631		1,570	337,683	77,407	7	77,407
Rollback Taxes		208,521	19,078		61,966	165,633	1		'
Supplemental Taxes		19,304	52,401			47,040	24,665	2,	24,665
Total Real Estate, Personal Property, Rollback and Supplemental Taxes	4	704,908	\$ 43,332,738	↔	613,499	\$ 42,909,529	\$ 514,618	\$ 514	514,618
Deferred Property Taxes	↔	40,036	\$ 5,464	<i>چ</i>	,		\$ 45,500	\$	45,500

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF MOTOR VEHICLE AND BOAT EXCISE TAXES JULY 1, 2005 TO JUNE 30, 2006

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									-	Š	Uncollected
	-	Uncollected			Abate	Abatements	Collec	Collections Net	Uncollected	. 0	Taxes Der Detail
	ادِ	July 1, 2005	ပိ	Commitments	Adjus	Adjustments	Overp	Overpayments	June 30, 2006	Jun	June 30, 2006
Motor Vehicle Excise Taxes:											
Levy of 2006	↔	ı	₩	4,102,713	€9	135,688	€ 9	3,804,165	\$ 162,860	↔	162,860
Levy of 2005		179,794		746,886		68,450		796,538	61,692		61,692
Levy of 2004		56,581		63,667		8,676		960'62	32,476		32,476
Levy of 2003		30,882		174		2,964		3,040	25,052		25,052
Levy of 2002		27,706		1		228		2,114	25,364		25,364
Prior Years		227,867		ı		351		1,676	225,840		225,840
		522,830		4,913,440		216,357	7	4,686,629	533,284		533,284
Boat Excise Taxes:											
Levy of 1997		1,780		•		1		•	1,780		1,780
Levy of 1996		1,055		•		•		•	1,055		1,055
Levy of 1994		1,089		1		1		•	1,089		1,089
Levy of 1993		1,232		1		1		,	1,232		1,232
		5,156		•		,		•	5,156		5,156
Total Motor Vehicle and Boat Excise Taxes	U	527 986	U	4 913 440	€	216.357	4	4 686 629	538 440	∪ ;	538.440

TOWN OF SHREWSBURY, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF TAX LIENS AND TAXES IN LITIGATION JULY 1, 2005 TO JUNE 30, 2006

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	5 3	Uncollected Accounts July 1, 2005	Con	nmitments	Uncollected Abatements Accounts and July 1, 2005 Commitments Adjustments		Collections Net of Refunds and Overpayments	Unc Ac June	Uncollected Accounts Accounts Per Detail June 30, 2006 June 30, 2006	Unc Ac June	Jncollected Accounts Per Detail une 30, 2006
Tax Liens	€5	325,742	6	163,393	325,742 \$ 163,393 \$ 14,835 \$	35 ;	\$ 374,358 \$	€	99,942	↔	99,942 \$ 100,682
Taxes in Litigation	ь	6,731 \$	€9	6,406 \$	↔	,	-	ь	\$ 13,137 \$ 13,137	€	13,137